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Ashes, Garbage, and Rubbish—Cities and Villages Authorized to Provide for the Collection and Removal of. (Chap. 163, Act May 27, 1915.)

SECTION 1. Section 927*p* of the statutes is amended to read:

SEC. 927*p*. The common council of all cities and the village boards of all villages are authorized and empowered to cause the removal of ashes, garbage, and rubbish from residences, residence premises, and such other buildings and premises as may be determined by the common council or village board; and such common council or village board may create and establish one or more special districts in such city or village for the removal of ashes, garbage, and rubbish from residences, residence premises, and such other buildings and premises as may be determined by such common council or village board. It shall be optional with such common council or village board to cause to be removed ashes, garbage, or rubbish from the residences, premises, or buildings of the owners thereof in such district or districts, or in the entire city or village, or from the residences, premises, or buildings of the owners in such district or districts, city, or village who desire such collection and removal. It shall be optional with the common council or village board to charge, assess, and tax the cost of such collection and removal to the several owners of such residences, premises, or buildings on and from which such ashes, garbage, and rubbish have been produced or accumulated, in the same manner as other special taxes are levied and collected, or to provide for such cost by a general tax on all property subject to taxation within the city or village limits in the same manner as other taxes are levied and collected, or by a general tax on all property subject to taxation within the special district or districts from which such ashes, garbage, and rubbish have been collected and removed in the same manner as other taxes are levied and collected.

Barbers—State Board of Health to Supervise Examinations of Barbers and to Make Sanitary Regulations for Barber Shops. (Chap. 221, Act June 10, 1915.)

SECTION 1. Sections 1636–19 and 1636–20 of the statutes are repealed.

SEC. 2. There are added to the statutes two new sections to be numbered and to read:

SEC. 1636–19. The State board of health shall on or before August 1, 1915, appoint and shall have power to remove three competent and practical barbers, each of whom shall have been engaged in the occupation of barbering for at least five years in this State, to be known as the committee of examiners, who shall conduct the examinations required by the provisions of sections 1636–18 to 1636–29, inclusive, of the statutes. Such examiners shall be exempt from the provisions of sections 990–1 to 990–32, inclusive, of the statutes.

SEC. 1636–20. The term "board" when used in any of the provisions of sections 1636–18 to 1636–29, inclusive, of the statutes, shall mean the State board of health; and all fees required to be paid by any of said sections shall be paid to the secretary of said board. Such board shall have power and authority and it shall be its duty to prescribe, amend, and enforce rules and regulations for the examination and licensing of journeymen and master barbers, and make and enforce reasonable rules governing the sanitary and hygienic conditions of barber shops.

SEC. 3. Sections 1636–21, 1636–22, 1636–24, 1636–27, and 172–91 of the statutes are amended to read:

SEC. 1636–21. Each such examiner shall receive \$5 per day for the actual number of days served by such member in performing the duties imposed by sections 1636–18 to 1636–29, inclusive, and in addition to such compensation shall be reimbursed his actual and necessary expenses in performing the duties prescribed by said sections. All claims for services shall show the actual number of hours of service for each day of such service, and in no case shall the allowance exceed the amount of \$5 for services performed during any one calendar day. The total expenditures for carrying out